

eBook

The crucial role of a security-first approach in continuous compliance



TABLE OF CONTENTS

Time for a compliance refresh with a security-first approach	03
Compliance standards always playing catch-up in the cybersecurity marathon	04
Tackling compliance with a security-first approach	05
Key steps for implementing a security-first mindset	07
Conclusion	09



Time for a compliance refresh with a security-first approach

Traditional compliance methods often need help to keep pace with the dynamic nature of cyber threats and regulatory requirements. As organizations increasingly rely on digital systems and data, regulatory frameworks have become more stringent, necessitating robust compliance strategies.

Compliance requirements can no longer be addressed with a static checklist but demand a more continuous approach to keep up with a continuously evolving threat landscape.

While a compliance-focused approach aims to address security concerns, it often fails to address the dynamic nature of emerging risks and subsequent regulations.



This ebook explains why a security-first approach can effectively protect assets and meet regulatory requirements and how to implement this mindset within an organization.

Compliance standards always playing catch-up in the cybersecurity marathon

A security-first strategy incorporates measures that consider the rapidly changing nature of cyber threats and regulatory standards. By constantly monitoring cyber assets, regularly testing vulnerabilities, conducting continuous security posture assessments, and implementing advanced security tools, a security-focused compliance framework is well-equipped to address the complexities of the modern threat landscape.

Area of difference	Compliance	Security
Focus	Adhering to laws, standards, and guidelines set by external bodies.	Safeguarding systems, networks, data, and assets from unauthorized access, leaks, modification or destruction.
Approach	Reactive: aims to fulfill requirements and pass audits.	Proactive: identifies and mitigates vulnerabilities before exploitation.
Scope	Meeting legal, regulatory, and standards requirements, including evidence collection, audits, and certifications.	Protecting information and assets from diverse risks includes technical controls, incident response, and constant monitoring
Urgency	Constant effort with time for audit preparation; less immediate need.	Constant effort due to ongoing security threats is always an urgent need.
Effect of poor implementation	Risks of fines, reputation damage, and loss of license may deter customers and stakeholders.	Exposure to cyber attacks, data breaches, and disruptions leads to financial losses, data compromise, and loss of trust.

Figure 1: Deep dive into compliance and security focused strategies

Tackling compliance with a security-first approach

Building a robust foundation of security practices paves the way for sustainable and scalable compliance while minimizing time spent on repetitive manual tasks.



Figure 2: How does the security-first approach lead to compliance?

Let us explore a few use cases where compliance can be addressed with a security-first approach:

1. Efficient risk management

Compliance standards expect organizations to protect their data. This requires effective risk management. Building security into your compliance program leads to continuous risk assessment and management, often a compliance requirement. It identifies potential vulnerabilities and threats and implements security measures to mitigate their impact.

2. Use of security controls

A security-first approach implements contextual security controls. These controls protect systems, networks, and data from unauthorized access, breaches, and other security incidents. Compliance frameworks and regulations require the implementation of specific security controls.

3. Continuous monitoring and incident response

An organization that follows a security-first approach continuously monitors its systems, networks, and data. It also uses tools and technologies to promptly detect and respond to security incidents. This results in the organization automatically adhering to compliance requirements that require continuous monitoring and timely incident reporting.

4. Up-to-date systems

Keeping software, applications, and systems updated with the latest security patches helps address system vulnerabilities and protect against emerging threats. Some compliance frameworks call for patch management, so a security-first organization fulfills this requirement.

5. Security awareness

Compliance frameworks prescribe security awareness training for all employees as a mandatory security measure. This training involves periodically completing learning modules and assessments to verify learning outcomes.

6. Regular audits and assessments

Security-first organizations regularly conduct internal audits and assessments to evaluate their security posture. These regular assessments help an organization pass compliance audits without hassle and ensure continuous compliance with an ever-growing maze of regulations.







Key steps for implementing a security-first mindset

Implementing a security-first mindset is crucial for ensuring that security considerations are integrated into every aspect of an organization's operations. This approach not only addresses compliance and risk management but also supports the achievement of broader business goals.



Figure 3: Enabling continuous compliance through a security-first mindset

Here are key steps to effectively instill a security-first mindset within an organization:

CHECKLIST
STEP 1: Develop a comprehensive security strategy
Outline protection steps: Create a detailed plan to protect digital assets, including identifying potential vulnerabilities, implementing appropriate controls, and establishing a clear response strategy for cyberattacks.
Risk management framework: Adopt a risk management framework to systematically evaluate and address risks to your digital assets. This should include regular updates based on emerging threats and changes in the business environment.
Mark complete
STEP 2: Document security policies and procedures
Provide clarity: Develop and maintain clear, accessible documentation for security policies and procedures. This documentation should be straightforward and understandable, making it easier for employees to follow security practices.
Incident response: Outline specific, actionable steps for responding to security incidents. This includes defining roles and responsibilities, communication protocols, and recovery procedures to ensure a swift and coordinated response.
Mark complete
STEP 3: Implement effective security controls
Technical controls: To protect digital assets, employ technical measures such as data encryption, firewalls, intrusion detection systems, and secure coding practices.
Physical controls: Ensure physical security by implementing access controls, surveillance, and environmental protections to safeguard hardware and infrastructure.
Administrative controls: Develop policies and procedures for security awareness training, role-based access control, and periodic security reviews to manage and mitigate risks.
Mark complete

STE	EP 4: Use automation tools
	Automate routine tasks: Utilize automation tools to handle repetitive security tasks such as log monitoring, threat detection, and vulnerability scanning. This reduces the workload on security teams and allows them to focus on strategic activities.
	Enhance incident response: Implement automated incident response tools that can quickly identify and address potential threats, minimizing the impact of security breaches.
	Continuous monitoring: Employ automation for round-the-clock monitoring of network activity and security events, ensuring timely detection and response to anomalies.
	Mark complete
STE	EP 5: Conduct regular security assessments and audits
STE	EP 5: Conduct regular security assessments and audits Internal audits: Perform regular internal audits to evaluate the effectiveness of security controls and identify areas for improvement. These audits should be comprehensive and cover all aspects of security, from technical measures to administrative practices.
STE	Internal audits: Perform regular internal audits to evaluate the effectiveness of security controls and identify areas for improvement. These audits should be comprehensive and cover all aspects of security, from technical
STE	Internal audits: Perform regular internal audits to evaluate the effectiveness of security controls and identify areas for improvement. These audits should be comprehensive and cover all aspects of security, from technical measures to administrative practices. Address vulnerabilities: Use the findings from assessments and audits to address identified vulnerabilities promptly. Update security practices and

Conclusion

By embedding security at the core of operations, organizations can inherently address key compliance requirements like risk management, security controls implementation, incident response, and training. This proactive stance allows organizations to effectively manage evolving threats and navigate changing regulatory landscapes with greater ease.

Moreover, investing in robust security measures proves to be cost-effective in the long run. By preventing security incidents and avoiding compliance breaches, organizations can mitigate substantial financial risks. Tools like Scrut exemplify how automation can enhance this process, streamlining compliance management, automating evidence gathering, mapping controls, and expediting audits. Through continuous asset monitoring and vulnerability detection, automation not only simplifies compliance but also fortifies overall security posture.

In conclusion, adopting a securityfirst mindset isn't just about ticking boxes on a compliance checklist; it's about giving organizations a serious strategic edge in today's digital jungle. With the right security strategy, organizations can achieve continuous compliance, lasting protection, operational efficiency, and long-term cost savings.

Organizations that closely align their cybersecurity programs to business objectives are 18% more likely to achieve target revenue growth and market share and improve customer satisfaction.

Source: State of Cybersecurity Resilience 2023, Accenture

Usher in a new era of frictionless GRC programs

Request a demo